# CS 330 Intro to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms 

## Homework 5 <br> (20 points)

1. Show the results of the DP algorithm for computing the longest common subsequence (LCS) as presented in class on the following input:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{ABCACB} \\
& \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{BACAB}
\end{aligned}
$$

a. Show the contents of the LCS table. [4 points]
b. Also, show the matrix of helper values to obtain the solution. I would suggest representing them as arrows (like lecture), but you may represent them as you like, as long as you are able to explain your convention. [2 points]
2. A thief is robbing a store and can carry a maximal weight of $\mathrm{W}=25$ into his knapsack. There are 4 items and weight of $\mathrm{i}^{\text {th }}$ item is $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{i}}$ and the profit of selecting this item is $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}$ as given in the following table. Find a DP recurrence relation to help the thief making maximum profit. Use the DP table to find the items the thief should take. [6 points]

| Item | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Profit | 24 | 18 | 18 | 10 |
| Weight | 24 | 10 | 10 | 7 |

3. Find a maximum flow from the source (vertex $s$ ) to the sink (vertex $t$ ) in the following network using the Ford-Fulkerson algorithm. [8 points]

